Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

AP World Review: Modern: Video #6, Topic 1.6

**Timeline Of Middle Ages**

**Early Middle Ages**

* 476 - 1000 C.E.
* Less \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government

**Early Middle Ages – Carolingian Dynasty**

* Charles Martel - defeated Muslims at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - 732 C.E.
  + Kept Islam from spreading in Europe beyond \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Charlemagne (768 - 814 C.E.):
  + Named Emperor by the Pope in 800
  + Regional administrators to rule empire - similar to…… \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Feudalism**

* Social Structure
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - those that owed service to others
    - A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a vassal to a king
    - A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a vassal to a noble
* Feudalism is all about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* A king gave a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (land) to lords
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had tremendous power - law enforcement, judge, and jury in many areas
* Knights followed a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Manorial System (Manoralism)**

* Manors were often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - often the center
  + Blacksmith
  + Mill
  + Homes for serfs - tied to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
    - Paid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to lords
    - Serfs were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Three-Field System:
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were rotated in three different fields
    - One was for wheat or rye - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
    - One was for legumes - fertilized land
    - One was left \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Plows helped break soil to cultivate land
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from China allowed horse riding to be easier
* Emergence of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ languages:
  + French, Italian, and Spanish
  + These were more common than Latin
    - Latin was used by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, vernacular by common people

**Social Classes In Europe**

* More social mobility in Europe than under \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Caste System
* Knights could receive multiple \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and have squires
* Upward mobility for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Large land ownership was more widespread in China than Europe

**Roman Catholic Church**

* The Church was VERY influential during the Middle Ages
  + Most people were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Church officials were literate
* 1st \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Europe were established by the Church
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ focused on religious themes
* Pope
* Bishops - allegiance to the Pope
* Priests - supervised by Bishops
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ spread Christianity throughout Europe

**Middle Ages – Political Structures (France)**

* Estates-General:
  + Representatives from 3 estates
  + 1 - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + 2 - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + 3 - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + Each estate had \_\_\_\_\_ vote, first two always voted together
  + Would become an issue during the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1789)

**Middle Ages - Political Structures (England)**

* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1215):
  + King had to observe rights such as:
    - Trial for nobles
* First English Parliament (1265):
  + House of Lords - nobles and clergy
  + House of Commons - wealthy townspeople

**High Middle Ages**

* 1000 C.E.
* Increased \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with other regions
* Jousts and tournaments

**Quick Recap**

* Fall of Rome -> Early Middle Ages
* Social Classes In Feudalism
* Chivalry
* Manorialism
  + Characteristics of the manor
* Power of the Roman Catholic Church
* Estates General
* Magna Carta