Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

AP World Review: Video #24: Sub-Saharan Societies

**Social Structures**

* Communities were often organized around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  + Members of a clan or family
* Your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ determined the type of work you would do
* Men did most jobs that required specialization
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Women In Sub-Saharan Africa**

* Most societies were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* In some instances, inheritances were not passed to sons, but to sisters
* Women did not often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ themselves

**Slavery In Sub-Saharan Africa**

* Slavery did exist
* Most slaves were prisoners of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* With the development of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the practice of selling slaves increased
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Rebellion:
  + 1,500 slaves revolted, established a new government
  + The leader, Ali bin Muhammad was eventually captured and killed

**Sub-Saharan Culture**

* Music, art, and storytelling were a significant part of African culture
  + \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were often meant to communicate with the spirit world
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - story tellers
  + Told history orally
  + Became very influential, often counseled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Swahili And Religion**

* Language from the combination of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Still spoken today in Southeast Africa
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ practiced Christianity beginning in the 12th century
  + Developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the Roman Catholic Church and Eastern Orthodox Church
    - Combined African elements with Christianity - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, spirits, etc.

**Quick Recap**

* Social Structures of Sub-Saharan African communities
* Role of women
* Slavery and reasons for its increase
* Culture and religion