Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

AP World Review: Video #24: Sub-Saharan Societies

**Social Structures**

* Communities were often organized around \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	+ Members of a clan or family
* Your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ determined the type of work you would do
* Men did most jobs that required specialization
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Women In Sub-Saharan Africa**

* Most societies were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* In some instances, inheritances were not passed to sons, but to sisters
* Women did not often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ themselves

**Slavery In Sub-Saharan Africa**

* Slavery did exist
* Most slaves were prisoners of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* With the development of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the practice of selling slaves increased
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Rebellion:
	+ 1,500 slaves revolted, established a new government
	+ The leader, Ali bin Muhammad was eventually captured and killed

**Sub-Saharan Culture**

* Music, art, and storytelling were a significant part of African culture
	+ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were often meant to communicate with the spirit world
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ - story tellers
	+ Told history orally
	+ Became very influential, often counseled \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Swahili And Religion**

* Language from the combination of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Still spoken today in Southeast Africa
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ practiced Christianity beginning in the 12th century
	+ Developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the Roman Catholic Church and Eastern Orthodox Church
		- Combined African elements with Christianity - \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, spirits, etc.

**Quick Recap**

* Social Structures of Sub-Saharan African communities
* Role of women
* Slavery and reasons for its increase
* Culture and religion